

ABSTRACT

DETERMINANTS OF ASEAN-6 EXPORT PERFORMANCE: A CASE STUDY OF LABOR FORCE SIZE, INFLATION, EXCHANGE RATES, AND TRADE OPENNESS (2015–2024)

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This study aims to analyze the effects of Labor Force, Inflation, Exchange Rate, and Trade Openness on Exports in six ASEAN countries during the 2015–2024 period. This study employs a quantitative method with a descriptive analysis approach, utilizing panel data analyzed using EViews 12. The data consists of time series from 2015 to 2024 and cross-sectional data from six ASEAN countries. The research data is sourced from the World Bank, and the results using a Fixed Effects Model indicate that, individually, the labor force has a negative and significant effect, inflation has a positive but insignificant effect, the exchange rate has a positive and significant effect, and trade openness has a positive and significant effect on exports. Collectively, the labor force, inflation, exchange rate, and trade openness have a significant effect on exports in the 6 ASEAN countries from 2015 to 2024.

Keywords: Labor Force, Inflation, Exchange Rate, Trade Openness, and Exports.