

ABSTRAK

Sri Mulyati, 2026. **Implementasi Program Madrasah *Agriculture* Banyulana (MAGRIB) dalam Upaya Meningkatkan Ketahanan Pangan di Desa Jelat Kecamatan Baregbeg Kabupaten Ciamis**. Jurusan Pendidikan Geografi. Fakultas Keguruan dan Ilmu Pendidikan. Universitas Siliwangi.

Penelitian ini dilatarbelakangi oleh pentingnya ketahanan pangan sebagai kebutuhan dasar masyarakat serta perlunya upaya pemberdayaan sumber daya pangan. Program Madrasah *Agriculture* Banyulana (MAGRIB) merupakan program berbasis pesantren yang mengintegrasikan kegiatan pertanian dengan pendidikan serta pemberdayaan masyarakat dalam rangka mendukung ketahanan pangan. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui Implementasi Program MAGRIB dalam upaya meningkatkan ketahanan pangan di Desa Jelat Kecamatan Baregbeg Kabupaten Ciamis serta mengetahui manfaat yang dihasilkan dari program tersebut. Metode yang digunakan adalah metode deskriptif dengan pendekatan kuantitatif. Teknik pengumpulan data dilakukan melalui observasi, wawancara, kuesioner, studi dokumentasi, dan studi literatur. Sumber data diperoleh dari santri, masyarakat, pengelola program MAGRIB, dan pimpinan pondok pesantren. Teknik analisis data dilakukan melalui pengolahan data kuantitatif yang disajikan dalam bentuk deskriptif untuk menggambarkan kondisi yang terjadi di lapangan. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa implementasi Program MAGRIB meliputi (1) perencanaan berupa program dan penyiapan sumber daya, (2) pelaksanaan melalui kegiatan budidaya dan pelatihan, (3) evaluasi dan monitoring secara berkala. Program ini berperan dalam meningkatkan ketahanan pangan melalui ketersediaan, akses, pemanfaatan, dan stabilitas pangan. Selain itu, program MAGRIB memberikan manfaat meliputi (1) manfaat sosial berupa peningkatan kerja sama dan interaksi, (2) manfaat ekonomi berupa peningkatan pendapatan dan kemandirian, (3) manfaat edukasi berupa peningkatan pengetahuan dan keterampilan pertanian. Dengan demikian, Program MAGRIB berperan penting dalam meningkatkan ketahanan pangan masyarakat di Desa Jelat Kecamatan Baregbeg Kabupaten Ciamis.

Kata Kunci: Program MAGRIB, Ketahanan Pangan, Pemberdayaan Masyarakat, Pertanian Berbasis Pesantren

ABSTRACT

*Sri Mulyati, 2026. **Implementation of the Banyulana Agriculture Madrasah Program (MAGRIB) in an Effort to Increase Food Security in Jelat Village, Baregbeg District, Ciamis Regency.** Department of Geography Education. Faculty of Teacher Training and Education. Siliwangi University.*

This research is motivated by the importance of food security as a basic need of the community and the need for efforts to empower food resources. The Madrasah Agriculture Banyulana (MAGRIB) program is a pesantren-based program that integrates agricultural activities with education and community empowerment in order to support food security. The purpose of this study is to find out the implementation of the MAGRIB Program in an effort to increase food security in Jelat Village, Baregbeg District, Ciamis Regency and to find out the benefits produced from the program. The method used is a descriptive method with a quantitative approach. Data collection techniques are carried out through observation, interviews, questionnaires, documentation studies, and literature studies. Data sources were obtained from students, the community, MAGRIB program managers, and Islamic boarding school leaders. The data analysis technique is carried out through quantitative data processing which is presented in a descriptive form to describe the conditions that occur in the field. The results of the study show that the implementation of the MAGRIB Program includes (1) planning in the form of programs and resource preparation, (2) implementation through cultivation and training activities, (3) periodic evaluation and monitoring. This program plays a role in improving food security through food availability, access, utilization, and stability. In addition, the MAGRIB program provides benefits including (1) social benefits in the form of increased cooperation and interaction, (2) economic benefits in the form of increased income and independence, (3) educational benefits in the form of increased agricultural knowledge and skills. Thus, the MAGRIB Program plays an important role in improving community food security in Jelat Village, Baregbeg District, Ciamis Regency.

Keywords: *MAGRIB Program, Food Security, Community Empowerment, Pesantren Based Agriculture*