

ABSTRACT

**ANALYSIS OF FACTORS INFLUENCING INCOME DISTRIBUTION
INEQUALITY AMONG REGENCIES/CITIES IN THE SPECIAL REGION
OF YOGYAKARTA PROVINCE 2017-2024**

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This study aims to analyze the influence of population, education, poverty, and unemployment on the inequality of income distribution in districts/cities in the Special Region of Yogyakarta province during the period 2017-2024, both partially and simultaneously. The data used are secondary data obtained from the Central Statistics Agency of the Special Region of Yogyakarta. This study uses a quantitative approach with panel data (a combination of cross-section and time series) and uses the Fixed Effect Model. The results show that population has a positive but insignificant effect on income distribution inequality, education as measured by the average length of schooling has a positive and significant effect on income distribution inequality, poverty level has a positive but insignificant effect on income distribution inequality, and the open unemployment rate has a positive but insignificant effect on income distribution inequality in districts/cities in the Special Region of Yogyakarta province. Simultaneously, population, education, poverty, and unemployment are proven to have a significant effect on income distribution inequality in districts/cities in the Special Region of Yogyakarta province during the period 2017-2024.

Keywords: *inequality in income distribution, population, education, poverty, unemployment, districts/cities in the province of DIY.*

ABSTRAK

ANALISIS FAKTOR-FAKTOR YANG MEMPENGARUHI KETIMPANGAN DISTRIBUSI PENDAPATAN KABUPATEN/KOTA DI PROVINSI DAERAH ISTIMEWA YOGYAKARTA PERIODE 2017-2024

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Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengaruh jumlah penduduk, pendidikan, kemiskinan, dan pengangguran terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan kabupaten/kota di provinsi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta selama periode 2017-2024, baik secara parsial maupun simultan. Data yang digunakan merupakan data sekunder yang diperoleh dari Badan Pusat Statistik Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan data panel (gabungan *cross section* dan *time series*) dan menggunakan model *Fixed Effect Model*. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa jumlah penduduk berpengaruh positif namun tidak signifikan terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan, pendidikan yang diukur oleh rata-rata lama sekolah berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan, tingkat kemiskinan berpengaruh positif dan tidak signifikan terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan, dan tingkat pengangguran terbuka berpengaruh positif dan tidak signifikan terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan kabupaten/kota di provinsi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta. Secara simultan jumlah penduduk, pendidikan, kemiskinan, dan pengangguran terbukti berpengaruh signifikan terhadap ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan kabupaten/kota di provinsi Daerah Istimewa Yogyakarta selama periode 2017-2024.

Kata Kunci : ketimpangan distribusi pendapatan, jumlah penduduk, pendidikan, kemiskinan, pengangguran, kabupaten/kota di provinsi DIY.