ABSTRACT

PUTRI MAULANI (2020). The role of Haji Agus Salim Diplomacy in the Struggle to Defend Indonesian Independence 1945-1950. Historical Department Education. The Faculty of Teacher Training and Education, Siliwangi University, Tasikmalaya.

This study aims to determine the encouragement, process and diplomacy efforts of Haji Agus Salim in the struggle for diplomacy to maintain Indonesian independence. This research also provides benefits to add general references regarding biography of Agus Salim Hajj both for researchers, students, universities, and the public.

The Researcher used historical methods with data collection, namely literature studies. The stage of data analysis technique was divided into two types, namely verification and interpretation. The research instrument that researcher uses was several reference sources both of primary or secondary.

The encouragement of diplomacy of Haji Agus Salim started when he was at HBS School. During at HBS school, Haji Agus Salim was introduced to political and language skills. Furthermore, in 1915, Haji Agus Salim joined Sarekat Islam organization. Then he was assigned to do the diplomacies to various countries because of his great ability. Indonesia chose Haji Agus Salim is because of the unstable situation and great pressure given by the Dutch in 1945-1947. He was doing diplomacies in various countries including attending Inter-Asia conference, diplomacy to Middle East countries and following the United Nations Security Council in the United States. These diplomacies have a great result to maintain the independence after the international communities give a very high sense of sympathy.

Keywords: Diplomacy, Haji Agus Salim, Defending Indonesian Independence.