

**FAKULTAS ILMU KESEHATAN UNIVERSITAS  
SILIWANGI TASIKMALAYA PROGRAM SRUDI KESEHATAN  
MASYARAKAT PEMINATAN PROMOSI KESEHATAN 2024**

**ABSTRAK**

**RAIHAN WIDYASARI MEDINA  
PENGARUH PROMOSI KESEHATAN DENGAN MEDIA MONOPOLI  
DALAM MENINGKATKAN PENGETAHUAN TERHADAP  
PENCEGAHAN SCABIES DI PONDOK PESANTREN MABDAUL ULUUM  
KOTA TASIKMALAYA 2024**

Berdasarkan dari data tahunan Dinas Kesehatan Tasikmalaya. Angka kejadian *scabies* mencapai 10.744 kasus. Berdasarkan data dari Dinas Kesehatan menyatakan bahwa yang mengalami peningkatan penyakit *scabies* terdapat di Puskesmas Tamansari. Pada tahun 2020 sebanyak 427 kasus, tahun 2021 sebanyak 666 kasus, tahun 2022 sebanyak

1.081 kasus. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah pengaruh media permainan monopoli dalam meningkatkan pengetahuan terhadap pencegahan *scabies* di Pondok Pesantren Mabdaul Uluum Kota Tasikmalaya. Jenis penelitian ini adalah *quasy experiment* dengan rancangan *one group pretest posttest design*. Jumlah sampel 47 responden dengan menggunakan teknik total sampling pada kelas VII, VIII, IX. Menggunakan uji t-test. Hasil penelitian *pretest* pengetahuan dengan kategori baik 17,0%, cukup 68,0%, kurang 14,8%, *posttest* pengetahuan dengan kategori baik 74,4%, cukup 21,2%, kurang 4,2%. Hasil p value <0,05 artinya ada pengaruh pengetahuan dengan media permainan monopoli (0,000) pada siswa dalam upaya pencegahan penyakit *scabies*. Diharapkan pada pihak pesantren lebih dijaga lagi kebersihan nya dan dipantau lingkungan sekitar pondok pesantren. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, saran bagi Pesantren Mabdaul Uluum Kota Tasikmalaya diharapkan untuk lebih rutin memantau kebersihan siswa dan pada kebersihan lingkungan Pondok Pesantren.

**Kata Kunci :** Scabies, Media Permainan Monopoli, Pengetahuan.

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**ABSTRACT**

**RAIHAN WIDYASARI MEDINA  
THE INFLUENCE OF HEALTH PROMOTION WITH MONOPOLY  
MEDIA IN INCREASING KNOWLEDGE ON SCABIES PREVENTION IN  
MABDAUL ULUUM ISLAMIC BOARDING SCHOOL TASIKMALAYA  
CITY 2024**

Based on annual data from the Tasikmalaya Health Service. The incidence of scabies reached 10.744 cases. Based on data from the Health Service, it is stated that those experiencing an increase in scabies are at the Tamansari Community Health Center. In 2020 there were 427 cases, in 2021 there were 666 cases, in 2022 there were 1.081 cases. The aim of this research is the influence of monopoly game media in increasing knowledge of scabies prevention at the Mabdaul Uluum Islamic Boarding School, Tasikmalaya City. This type of research is a quasi experiment with a one group pretest posttest design. The total sample was 47 respondents using total sampling techniques in classes VII, VIII, IX. Using the t-test. The results of the pretest knowledge research were in the good category 17,0%, sufficient 68,0%, poor 14,8%, posttest knowledge in the good category 74,4%, sufficient 21,2%, poor 4,2%. The p value <0,05 means that there is an influence of knowledge with monopoly game media (0,000) on students in efforts to prevent scabies. It is hoped that the Islamic boarding school will maintain its cleanliness and monitor the environment around the Islamic boarding school. Based on the research results, suggestions for the Mabdaul Uluum Islamic Boarding School in Tasikmalaya City are expected to more routinely monitor student cleanliness and the cleanliness of the Islamic Boarding School environment.

**Keywords :** Scabies, Monopoly Game Media, Knowledge.