CHAPTER 3

RESEARCH PROCEDURES

3.1. Research Design

This research adopted a qualitative descriptive case study design. Descriptive case studies explain the nuances of real-life circumstances that may not be well captured through research experiments or surveys, test or describe data in a real-life setting, and provide a comprehensive and contextual view of a particular phenomenon. Yin (2016) Stated that a descriptive case study explains the occurrence in the context in which it happened.

Furthermore, this approach is appropriate for in-depth analysis of certain phenomena, which can result in comprehensive analysis. Hence, the design is applied to find out the challenges and solutions faced by English Education students when writing argumentative essays in the final project of the Foundation Functional Grammar course.

3.2 Research Setting and Participants

This study was conducted at a university in Tasikmalaya because of the phenomenon. Participants in this study will be three students in the eighth semester majoring in the English education department with an age range of 22-23 years old. The researcher chose the students who had taken the Foundation Functional Grammar course; the students had written an argumentative essay, then they experienced challenges when working on the final project, writing in an argumentative essay and the last reason they were willing to become participants in this research and they are willing to fill out participant consent.

3.3 Data Collection

Semi-structured interviews will enable the researcher to understand three eight-semester students at the University of Tasikmalaya, the Department of English Education. This study adopted semi-structured interviews that are frequently conducted with one responder at a time, in-person, casual, and engaging. After that, the "why" and "how" questions are asked (Adams, 2015).

Stated differently, the purpose of the open-ended survey design is to provide flexibility and to make it simple for respondents to compare responses. It is also intended to reduce interruptions and encourage two-way communication, allowing participants to share richer and more specific information. In arranging interview guidelines, the researcher used Byrne (1995) to examine psychological, linguistic, and cognitive interviews regarding writing issues. The challenges and solutions in writing an argumentative essay will be the primary emphasis of the question. The interview will be recorded in audio format, and the information will be translated into English and written up in transcription.

3.4 Data Analysis

The researcher used thematic analysis to analyse the interview transcription. Braun & Clarke (2006) Stated that there are six steps in using thematic analysis for qualitative data:

1. Familiarization of the Data

In this step, the researcher will listen to the interview results several times to obtain precise information, transcribe them into written form and read them repeatedly until they are familiar with the data.

2. Generating Initial Codes

The researcher will code the whole data set systematically and compile information relevant to each code. At this stage, the researcher begins coding by identifying the type of situation and highlighting it with various colors. The researcher additionally codes all of the data at this stage, determining whether or not the codes overlap and whether or not the data are relevant.

Table 3.1 Generating Initial Codes

P Data **Initial Codes** Challenges The challenge in developing P1 Seingat saya kan mata kuliah ini tugas akhirnya ini ya, tema dari esai argumentatif the topic udah ditentuin sama dosen jadi untuk menentukan tema enggak kesulitan ya karena memang sudah ditentukan Nah kalau yang lainnya saya mengalami kesulitan yaitu dari tema yaitu cara mengembangkan topik dari tema yang sudah ditentukan. Ada, saya kesulitan menentukan vocab. The challenge in finding Karena saya sulit menentukan vocab dan kata vocab yang cocok dengan tema saya, karena saya ambil tema tentang aplikasi, jadi ketika dicari di internet itu luas banget, ada dibidang ekonomi, ada di bidang pendidikan yang lain, saya harus mencari dibidang Pendidikan Bahasa Inggris P3 Untuk argumentatif esai ini kan final project ya, Challenge in lack of tugasnya itu diberikan di akhir mata kuliah, motivation namun memang dosennya sendiri sudah memberi tahu dari jauh-jauh hari begitu tentang kriteria pengerjaannya, dan juga rentang waktunya sampai kapan, jadi sebenernya kita itu memiliki banyak waktu untuk mengerjakannya, tetapi jujur saya sendiri memiliki motivasi yang cukup rendah untuk memulai pengerjaannya, karena saya ini memang senang menulis, tetapi untuk argumentatif esai yang masuknya ke akademik writing itu kurang suka

Table 3.2 Initial Codes and Its Frequency

Initial Codes	Total
Cha	llenges
The challenge in developing the topic	4
The challenge in finding vocab	3

Challenge in grammar	4
Challenge coherence between	3
paragraphs	
Challenge lack of motivation	2
Challenge in lack of confidence	1
The challenge to avoid plagiarism	1
Solu	tion
Reading lots of relevant references	5
Using Google Scholar	6
Using Google translate	4
Using thesaurus	2
Using Grammarly	3
Using Google docs	2
Asking for review and feedback	5
Using Pinterest	2
Using Quilbot	1

3. Searching for Themes

In this step, the researcher analyses and coordinates the data and then codes collect all related data for each theme into relevant themes.

Table 3.3 Process of searching for themes

Challenges				
Initial codes	Theme			
Challenge lack of motivation	Psychological Issue			
Challenge in lack of confidence				
The challenge in finding vocab	Linguistic Issue			
Challenge in grammar				
The challenge to avoid plagiarism	-			
The challenge in developing the topic	Cognitive Issue			
Challenge coherence between paragraphs				

Solution	1
Initial codes	Theme
Asking for review and feedback	Solutions to cope with the
	psychology issue
Using Google Translate	Solutions to cope with the linguistic
Using Thesaurus	issue
Using Grammarly	
Using Google Docs	
Using Pinterest	
Using Quilbot	
Reading lots of relevant references	
Using Google Scholar	Solutions to cope with the cognitive
Using Pinterest	issue
Asking for review and feedback	
Using Grammarly	

4. Reviewing Themes

In this step, the researcher reads all the data for each theme to know the appropriateness and match the data.

5. Defining and Naming Themes

In this step, the researcher defines the themes as the answer to the research question.

Table 3.4 Defining and Naming Themes

Themes	Definition		
Challenges			
Psychological Issue	Psychological issues are emotional or		
	psychological factors that can harm a		
	student's capacity to write effectively.		
	Students with psychological problems		
	could worry, feel unmotivated, or have		

low self-esteem, all of which might influence their writing. For instance, anxiety may lead pupils to avoid or postpone writing projects, but poor selfesteem may result in a lack of effort. Linguistic Issue Linguistic issues are language-related challenges regarding grammar, syntax, vocabulary, and spelling problems. Lack of exposure to multiple languages, low-level language proficiency, or problems with language. All of them contribute to this linguistic problem. Cognitive issue Cognitive issue is about cognitive processes such as attention, memory, and planning. Students with cognitive issues may struggle to organize their thoughts, stay focused on the work at hand, or remember key information. A student with focus problems may struggle to maintain attention during the writing process, whereas a student with memory problems may struggle to recollect key information needed for their writing Themes Definition **Solutions** Solutions to cope the psychology To helping the students engage with issue other people and become familiar so they can increase their knowledge in

writing essays and increase motivation, for example asking questions and collaborating To helping deal with difficulties in Solutions to cope the linguistic issue terms of writing, especially in terms of linguistics such as vocab, grammar, plagiarism, essay structure, and writing references Solutions to cope the cognitive issue To helping the students engage with other people and become familiar so they can increase their knowledge in writing essays and increase motivation, for example asking questions and collaborating

6. Writing up

In this final phase, the researcher aligns the findings of this investigation with the findings of related, earlier studies, reporting the findings of this study in the next chapter and doing so.

3.5 Research Schedule

Table 3.5 Time of the research

Description	Oct/	Nov/	Dec/	Jan/	Feb/	Jun/	Jul/
20	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	2024	2024
Research							
Proposal							
writing							
Research							
Proposal							
Examination							
Data							
Collection							
Data Analysis							
Report							
Thesis Result							
Seminar							
Thesis							
Examination							