ABSTRACK

ANALYSIS OF DETERMINANTS OF INCOME INEQUALITY IN WEST JAVA PROVINCE 2002-2022

By:

Rahma Aulia Delyazhi NPM. 203401106

Guide I : Dr. Iis Surgawati, Dra., M.S.i. CRA., CRP.

Guide II : Dr. Apip Supriadi, S.E., M.Si., CRA., CRP.

This research aims to analyze the influence of GRDP per capita, population growth, human development index (HDI), and labor force participation rate (TPAK) on income inequality in West Java Province in 2002-2022. By analyzing (a) how the influence of GDP per capita, population growth, human development index (HDI), and labor force participation rate (TPAK) partially has on income inequality in West Java Province in 2002-2022, (b) how the influence of GDP per capita, population growth, human development index (HDI), and labor force participation rate (TPAK) together on income inequality in West Java Province in 2002-2022. The analytical method used is multiple linear regression analysis using EViews 12 software. Testing uses the t-statistical test and the F-statistical test. The results of this study show that the GDP per capita variable, the human development index (HDI) has a significant positive effect on income inequality, population growth has an insignificant negative effect on income inequality and the labor force participation rate (TPAK) has a significant negative effect on income distribution inequality in Java Province West 2002-2022.

Keywords: income inequality, GRDP per capita, population growth, human development index (HDI), labor force participation rate (TPAK)