

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Abboushi, S. (2010). Trade protectionism: reasons and outcomes. *Competitiveness Review: An International Business Journal*, 20(5), 384–394.
- Adirini Pujayanti. (2018). Perang Dagang Amerika Serikat – China Dan Implikasinya Bagi Indonesia. *Info Singkat: Bidang Hubungan Internasional*, X(07/I/Puslit/April/2018), 7–12.
[http://berkas.dpr.go.id/puslit/files/info_singkat/Info Singkat-X-7-I-P3DI-April-2018-179.pdf](http://berkas.dpr.go.id/puslit/files/info_singkat/Info_Singkat-X-7-I-P3DI-April-2018-179.pdf)
- Agustina Melani. (2018). *China Kembali Kurangi Kepemilikan di Surat Utang AS*. Liputan6.Com. <https://www.liputan6.com/bisnis/read/3669529/china-kembali-kurangi-kepemilikan-di-surat-utang-as>
- Ahmad Suudi. (2022). *Presiden Nixon Kunjungi China, Saat AS Berupaya Memecah Komunisme*. Kompas.Com. <https://www.kompas.com/cekfakta/read/2022/07/15/200200282/presiden-nixon-kunjungi-china-saat-as-berupaya-memecah-komunisme-?page=all>
- Andrei Lungu. (2018). *Xi Jinping should know that China's rejuvenation must be peaceful, or it won't happen at all*. South China Morning Post. <https://www.scmp.com/comment/insight-opinion/article/2140036/xi-jinping-should-know-chinas-rejuvenation-must-be-peaceful>
- Andrew Mullen. (2022). *Explainer | US-China trade war: timeline of key dates and events since July 2018*. South China Morning Post.

<https://www.scmp.com/economy/global-economy/article/3177652/us-china-trade-war-timeline-key-dates-and-events-july-2018>

Ani Soetjipto. (2014). Memaknai Hubungan Cina-Amerika Kontemporer: Implikasinya Untuk Kajian Politik Internasional. *Global & Strategis*, 8(1).

Ardiprawiro. (2013). Kebijakan Ekonomi & Perdagangan Internasional. In *Ekonomi Internasional* (p. 38). Universitas Gunadarma.

Arisanto, P. T., & Adi Wibawa. (2021). Perang Dagang Era Donald Trump Sebagai Kebijakan Luar Negeri Adaptif Convulsive Amerika Serikat. *Indonesian Journal of International Relations*, 5(2), 163–183.
<https://doi.org/10.32787/ijir.v5i2.222>

Asumsi Bersuara. (2019). *Perang Dagang Amerika Serikat vs Tiongkok, kita bisa apa?* Ft. Chatib Basri. Spotify.Com.
<https://open.spotify.com/episode/3S71c3RWle5DmOiAdlIjYC?si=31fd8d769a3047f3>

Azémar, C., & Giroud, A. (2023). World Investment Report 2022: International tax reforms and sustainable investment. In *Journal of International Business Policy*. <https://doi.org/10.1057/s42214-023-00148-1>

Banchoff, T. (2023). Deadly Imbalances Tripolarity and Hitler's Strategy of World Conquest. *German Politics & Society*, 17(2 (51)), 134–137.
<http://www.jstor.org/stable/23737317>

Bangkit A. Wiryawan. (2008). Zona Ekonomi Khusus Strategi China

Memanfaatkan Modal Global. *Depok: Yayasan CCS.*

Barratut Taqiyyah Rafie. (2019). *Inilah tiga skenario posisi nilai tukar yuan saat perang dagang.* Kontan.Co.Id. <https://internasional.kontan.co.id/news/inilah-tiga-skenario-posisi-nilai-tukar-yuan-saat-perang-dagang?page=all>

BBC News Indonesia. (2017). *Presiden Cina, Xi Jinping, tegaskan dukungan atas perdagangan bebas.* BBC.Com. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/dunia-38649014>

BBC News Indonesia. (2018a). *Trump intensifkan aksi perang dagang, Cina mengatakan sangat terkejut.* BBC.Com. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/dunia-44791655>

BBC News Indonesia. (2018b). *Trump jatuhkan sanksi pada Cina hari ini, perang dagang mengancam?* BBC.Com. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/dunia-43496057>

BBC News Indonesia. (2019). *Mengapa mata uang Cina merosot dan apa dampaknya bagi perdagangan Indonesia?* BBC.Com. <https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/dunia-49255151>

Bureau, U. S. C. (2022). *Trade in Goods with China.* <https://www.census.gov/foreign-trade/balance/c5700.html>

Christine Jeavans. (2015). *Pertumbuhan pesat ekonomi Cina dalam angka.* BBC News Indonesia. https://www.bbc.com/indonesia/majalah/2015/09/150910_majalah_ekonomi

_cina

CNBC Indonesia. (2022). *China Buang Surat Utang Amerika Serikat*. Youtube
 CBNC Indonesia. <https://youtu.be/rEoIVDbUI6k>

CNN Indonesia. (2018). *Selamat Datang Perang Dagang Amerika Serikat vs
 Tiongkok*. Youtube CNN Indonesia. <https://youtu.be/8J9CzRRnz3w>

Combes, K. (2011). Between Revisionism and Status Quo: China in International
 Regimes. China's behaviour in the global trade, non-proliferation and
 environmental regimes. *Polis (Misc)*, 6.

Coogan, P. F., & Mearsheimer, J. J. (2002). The Tragedy of Great Power Politics.
 In *The Journal of Military History* (Vol. 66, Issue 3).
<https://doi.org/10.2307/3093434>

Coughlin, C. C., Chrystal, K. A., & Wood, G. E. (2002). Protectionist trade
 policies: A survey of theory, evidence, and rationale. In *International
 Political Economy* (pp. 313–327). Routledge.

Coughlin, C. C., & Wood, G. E. (1989). An introduction to non-tariff barriers to
 trade. *Economic Research Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis*, 33–34.

Cyrillus Harinowo. (2005). *Musin Semi Perekonomian Indonesia* (pp. 42–43).
 Gramedia Pustaka Utama.

Damayanti, F., Mikayla Putri, N. I., Wahyuni, R. S., Prayoga, M. R., & Kevin
 N.W., G. (2019). ASEAN di Tengah Rivalitas AS dan Cina: Kerja sama

- ASEAN dengan RCEP dalam Mengurangi Dampak Perang Dagang. *Indonesian Perspective*, 3(2), 145. <https://doi.org/10.14710/ip.v3i2.22349>
- Davidson, C. O. (2008). *Neoclassical realism and the collapse of the 1994 Agreed Framework*. Iowa State University.
- Dewa Ayu Putu Eva Wishanti. (2014). Kebangkitan China dalam Kerjasama Ekonomi Internasional di Kawasan Asia Timur. *Transformasi Global*, 1(1), 1–3.
- Dewi Rachmat Kusuma. (2018). *Begini Cara China Sengaja Lemahkan Yuan dan Bikin Geger Dunia*. Detikfinance. <https://finance.detik.com/bursa-dan-valas/d-2989510/begini-cara-china-sengaja-lemahkan-yuan-dan-bikin-geger-dunia>
- Diar Atmaja. (2016). *Review Dinamika Hubungan Cina-Amerika Serikat Hubungan Kerja Sama ASEAN, Amerika Serikat dan China*. 1–23.
- Dominick Salvatore. (2021). International Economics. In *Through the Global Lens*. <https://doi.org/10.4324/9781315662367-15>
- Drezner, D. W. (2017). Mercantilist and Realist Perspectives on the Global Political Economy. In *Oxford Research Encyclopedia of International Studies* (Vol. 1). Oxford University Press. <https://doi.org/10.1093/acrefore/9780190846626.013.260>
- Elin Yunita Kristanti. (2014). *4-10-2008: Barack Obama Menang Lawan Kemustahilan*. Liputan6.Com.

<https://www.liputan6.com/global/read/2128560/4-10-2008-barack-obama-menang-lawan-kemustahilan>

Ester Christine Natalia. (2018). *Perang Dagang Bisa Lebih Merugikan China Daripada AS*. CNBC Indonesia.

<https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/news/20180920115218-4-33986/perang-dagang-bisa-lebih-merugikan-china-daripada-as>

Faisal, M. (2018). Perang Dagang AS VS China: Bagaimana Dengan Indonesia. *Uraian Diskusi Keadilan Ekonomi IGJ*.

Fathimatuz Zaroh. (2012). *Profil George Bush*. Merdeka.Com. <https://www.merdeka.com/george-walker-bush/profil>

Felix E. Oppenheim. (1987). National interest, rationality, and morality. *Political Theory*, 15(3), 369–389.

Foreign Agricultural Service. (2020). 2020 United States Agricultural Export Yearbook. In *United States Departement of Agriculture*. <https://doi.org/10.4135/9781544377230.n48>

Frank Sampson Jannuzi, Carla A. Hills, & Dennis C. Blair. (2007). *U.S.-China Relations: An Affirmative Agenda, A Responsible Course*. Council on Foreign Relations. <https://www.cfr.org/event/us-china-relations-affirmative-agenda-responsible-course>

Friedrich List. (2011). The National System of Political Economy. In *The Two Narratives of Political Economy* (pp. 243–246).

<https://doi.org/10.1002/9781118011690.ch16>

Georgiadis, G., & Gräb, J. (2016). Growth, real exchange rates and trade protectionism since the financial crisis. *Review of International Economics*, 24(5).

Grant Clark, S. H. (2018). *What Intellectual Property and Does China Steel It?* Bloomberg. <https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2018-03-22/what-s-intellectual-property-and-does-china-steal-it-quicktake#xj4y7vzkg>

Hady, H. (2001). *Ekonomi Internasional: teori dan kebijakan perdagangan internasional*. Jakarta: Ghalia.

Herlitz, L. (1964). The concept of mercantilism. *Scandinavian Economic History Review*, 12(2), 101–120. <https://doi.org/10.1080/03585522.1964.10407639>

Heru Andriyanto. (2018). *Ini Pemicu Perang Dagang AS-Tiongkok*. Beritasatu.Com. <https://www.beritasatu.com/ekonomi/484623/ini-pemicu-perang-dagang-astiongkok>

Hunt, E. K., Lautzenheiser, M., & Bell, P. F. (1981). History of Economic Thought: A Critical Perspective. In *History of Political Economy* (Vol. 13, Issue 1). <https://doi.org/10.1215/00182702-13-1-159>

ID China Embassy. (2014). *Kunjungan Xi Jinping Ekspresi Strategi Kebijakan Luar Negeri*. Id.China-Embassy.Gov.Cn. http://id.china-embassy.gov.cn/indo/gdxw/201410/t20141009_2037968.htm

Information Office of the State Council of the People's Republic of China. (n.d.).

China's Peaceful Development. Gov.Cn. Retrieved June 13, 2023, from http://english.www.gov.cn/archive/white_paper/2014/09/09/content_281474986284646.htm

Istanul Badiri. (2020). Analisis Ekonomi Politik Internasional Dalam Studi Kasus

Perang Dagang Amerika Serikat – Tiongkok Periode 2018-2019. *Padjadjaran Journal of International Relations*, 2(2), 147. <https://doi.org/10.24198/padjir.v2i2.26070>

Jackson, R., & Serensen, G. (2014). *Pengantar Studi Hubungan Internasional*

Teori dan Pendekatan. 624. <http://digilib.fisipol.ugm.ac.id/handle/15717717/16243>

James Chen. (2022). Trade Wars: History, Pros & Cons, and U.S.-China Example.

Investopedia. <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/t/trade-war.asp>

Joe Mcdonald. (2018). *China rejects 'threats and blackmail' on eve of US tariff*

hike. USA Today. <https://www.usatoday.com/story/money/2018/07/05/china-rejects-blackmail-eve-us-tariff-hike/758762002/>

Joel Franklin Manalu. (2017). *Kebijakan Pivot to Asia oleh Amerika Serikat pada*

masa Pemerintahan Barack Obama.

Johnston, A. I. (2003). Is China a status quo power? *International Security*, 27(4),

5–56. <https://doi.org/10.1162/016228803321951081>

- Jones, W. S. (1993). *Logika hubungan internasional: kekuasaan, ekonomi-politik internasional, dan tatanan dunia 2*. PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama.
- Josephus Primus. (2011). *Masuk WTO, China Perkasa*. Kompas.Com.
<https://ekonomi.kompas.com/read/2011/11/11/16114165/~Internasional~News>
- Kapustina, L., Lipková, L., Silin, Y., & Drevalov, A. (2020). US-China Trade War: Causes and Outcomes. *SHS Web of Conferences*, 73, 01012.
<https://doi.org/10.1051/shsconf/20207301012>
- Kementrian Luar Negeri. (2019). *Connecting the Connectivity in the Indo-Pacific: Indian Ocean and Rim Chapter*. 1–234.
<https://kemlu.go.id/download/L3NpdGVzL3B1c2F0L0RvY3VtZW50cy9LYWppYW4lMjBCUFBLl1AzSzlMjBBU1BBU0FGLzIwX0Nvbm5lY3RpbmclMjB0aGUIMjBjb25uZWN0aXZpdHklMjBpbiUyMHRoZSUyMEluZG8tUGFjaWZpYy5wZGY=>
- Keohane, R. O., & Nye Jr, J. S. (1973). Power and interdependence. In *Survival* (Vol. 15, Issue 4). Taylor & Francis.
- Khomarul Hidayat. (2019). *Inilah Tanggal-Tanggal Penting dalam Masa Perang Dagang AS-China*. Kontan.Co.Id.
<https://internasional.kontan.co.id/news/inilah-tanggal-tanggal-penting-dalam-masa-perang-dagang-as-china?page=all>
- Kompas.com. (2018). *China Bantah Tuduhan Telah “Melemahkan” Yuan*.

Ekonomi.Kompas.Com.

<https://ekonomi.kompas.com/read/2018/09/19/153900126/china-bantah-tuduhan-telah-melemahkan-yuan>

Kompas. (2009). *Obama Akhiri Kunjungannya ke China*. Kompas.Com.

<https://nasional.kompas.com/read/2009/11/18/16004638/obama.akhiri.kunjungannya.ke.china>

Kurniati, Y., & Prasmuka, A. Y. (2007). *Determinan FDI (Faktor-faktor yang Menentukan Investasi Asing Langsung)*. Working Paper WP/06/2007. Bank Indonesia.

Levi-Faur, D. (1997). Friedrich List and the political economy of the nation-state.

Review of International Political Economy, 4(1), 154–178.

<https://doi.org/10.1080/096922997347887>

Li Yi. (2018). *Pencurian Kekayaan Intelektual oleh Tiongkok Sebabkan AS Rugi*

600 Miliar Dolar Setiap Tahun. The Epoch Times Indonesia.

<https://epochtimes.id/2018/03/09/pencurian-kekayaan-intelektual-oleh-tiongkok-sebabkan-rugi-600-miliar-dolar-setiap-tahun/>

Louisa Lim. (2005). *Bush Tinggalkan Cina Dengan Sedikit Keuntungan*.

BBC.Co.Uk.

http://www.bbc.co.uk/indonesian/news/story/2005/11/printable/051121_china.shtml

Lutfi Rahmawati Margaining Rahajeng. (2016). Analisis Faktor Yang

Mempengaruhi Masuknya Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Negara Berkembang di Kawasan ASEAN (Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand, Kamboja dan Vietnam) Periode 1995-2014. *Jurnal Ilmiah Mahasiswa FEB*, 4(2).

Manyin, M. E., Daggett, S., Dolven, B., Lawrence, S. V., Martin, M. F., O'Rourke, R., & Vaughn, B. (2012). *Pivot to the Pacific? The Obama Administration's "Rebalancing" Toward Asia*.

Mardenis. (2011). *Pemberantasan Terorisme: Politik Internasional dan Politik Hukum Nasional Indonesia*. Raja Grafindo Persada.

Mas'ood, M. (1994). *Ilmu hubungan internasional: disiplin dan metodologi*. Penerbit PT Pustaka LP3ES.

Masoed, M. (1994). *Ekonomi-politik internasional dan pembangunan*. Pustaka Pelajar.

Monavia Ayu Rizaty. (2021). *Tak Terkalahkan, Tiongkok Negara Eksportir Terbesar di Dunia pada 2020*. Katadata.Co.Id.
[https://databoks.katadata.co.id/datapublish/2021/08/02/tak-terkalahkan-tiongkok-negara-eksportir-terbesar-di-dunia-pada-2020#:~:text=Negara-negara utama yang menjadi,US%24112%2C5 miliar](https://databoks.katadata.co.id/datapublish/2021/08/02/tak-terkalahkan-tiongkok-negara-eksportir-terbesar-di-dunia-pada-2020#:~:text=Negara-negara%20utama%20yang%20menjadi,US%24112%2C5%20miliar)).

Morrison, W. M. (2005). CRS Issue Brief for Congress China-U.S. Trade Issues. *U.S. Congressional Research Service, Update July 1, 2005*, 1–18.

Morrison, W. M. (2019). Enforcing U.S. Trade Laws : Section 301 and China. *U.S. Congressional Research Service, Updated February 24, 2019*, 300–301.

- Mullen, A. (2022, May 15). US-China trade war: timeline of key dates and events since July 2018. *China Macro Economy*.
<https://www.scmp.com/economy/global-economy/article/3177652/us-china-trade-war-timeline-key-dates-and-events-july-2018>
- Planifolia, V. (2017). Strategi Rebalancing Amerika Serikat di Kawasan Asia-Pasifik. *Jurnal Hubungan Internasional*, 6(1), 16–26.
- Prof. Dr. Sugiyono. (2013). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan R&D*. Alfabeta.
- Putu Agus Pransuamitra. (2022a). *China “Buang” Obligasi AS Rp 3.000 T, Rusia Lebih Dahsyat!* CNBC Indonesia.
<https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/market/20220719204350-17-356860/china-buang-obligasi-as-rp-3000-t-rusia-lebih-dahsyat>
- Putu Agus Pransuamitra. (2022b). *China “Buang” Rp 1.500 Triliun Obligasi Amerika, Sinyal Apa?* CNBC Indonesia.
<https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/market/20220719074039-17-356603/china-buang-rp-1500-triliun-obligasi-amerika-sinyal-apa>
- Rahmat, P. S. (2009). Penelitian Kualitatif. In *Journal Equilibrium: Vol. 5 No. 9* (pp. 1–8). yusuf.staff.ub.ac.id/files/2012/11/Jurnal-Penelitian-Kualitatif.pdf
- Ramadhani, A., & Muryantini, S. (2019). Latar Belakang Keluarnya Amerika Serikat dari Keanggotaan Trans-Pacific Partnership di Era Presiden Donad Trump. *Jurnal Studi Diplomasi Dan Keamanan*, 11, 11–18.

<http://jurnal.upnyk.ac.id/index.php/jsdk/article/download/2915/2352>

Randall L. Schweller. (1996). Neorealism's status-quo bias: What security dilemma? *Security Studies*, 5(3), 90–121.

<https://doi.org/10.1080/09636419608429277>

Randall L. Schweller. (2010). Bandwagoning for Profit: Bringing the Revisionist State Back In. *The MIT Press*, 19(1), 72–107.

Rehiya Sebayang. (2018). *Konflik dengan AS, ZTE Terancam Kehilangan Lisensi Android*. CNBC Indonesia.

<https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/market/20180418114526-17-11456/konflik-dengan-as-zte-terancam-kehilangan-lisensi-android>

Renne R.A Kawilarang. (2012). *Hu Jintao Jadi Presiden China*. Viva.Co.Id.

<https://www.viva.co.id/amp/arsip/296372-15-3-2003-hu-jintao-jadi-presiden-china>

Roy Franedy. (2019). *Mengapa Jadi Juara Internet 5G Penting?* CNBC

Indonesia. <https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/tech/20190220154917-37-56671/mengapa-jadi-juara-internet-5g-penting>

RR. Febrina Krisma Luthfi. (2018). Donald Trump Menarik Diri dari TPP Tahun

2017. *Ilmu, Jurusan Internasional, Hubungan Ilmu, Fakultas Dan, Sosial Yogyakarta, Universitas Muhammadiyah*, 1–14.

Schweller, R. L. (1997). New Realist Research on Alliances: Refining, Not

Refuting, Waltz's Balancing Proposition. *The American Political Science*

Review, 91(4), 927–930. <https://doi.org/10.2307/2952176>

Silvia Merler. (2018). *US tariffs and China's holding of Treasuries*. Bruegel.Org.
<https://www.bruegel.org/blog-post/us-tariffs-and-chinas-holding-treasuries>

Simon P. Saragih. (2022). *Xi Jinping Berambisi Menjadikan China Sangat Kuat Sebelum Penduduknya Menua*. Kompas.Id.
<https://www.kompas.id/baca/internasional/2022/09/27/xi-jinping-berambisi-menjadikan-china-sangat-kuat-sebelum-penduduknya-menua>

Sonia Agusti Parbo. (2021). *Negosiasi Perang Dagang Amerika Serikat Dan Tiongkok*. *Media Ekonomi*, 28(2), 99–112.
<https://doi.org/10.25105/me.v28i2.7102>

Sukawarsini Djelantik. (2008). *Diplomasi antara teori dan praktik* (Pertama). Graha Ilmu.

Sweeney, K., & Fritz, P. (2004). Jumping on the Bandwagon: An Interest-Based Explanation for Great Power Alliances. *The Journal of Politics*, 66(2), 428–449. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1468-2508.2004.00158.x>

Todaro, M. P., & Smith, S. C. (2012). *Economic Development*. In *Pearson*. Pearson Education, Inc.

Trade War. (n.d.). Cambridge Dictionary. Retrieved January 28, 2023, from <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/trade-war>

Tradingview. (2019). *Kurs Mata Uang Yuan Terhadap Dolar*. Tradingview.Com.

<https://www.tradingview.com/x/7nFUHC6/>

Trump White House. (2018). *President Donald J. Trump is Keeping His Promise to Renegotiate NAFTA*. Trumpwhitehouse.Archives.Gov.

https://trumpwhitehouse.archives.gov/briefings-statements/president-donald-j-trump-keeping-promise-renegotiate-nafta/?utm_source=link

Twitter. (2019). *Reaksi Donald Trump atas melemahnya nilai tukar mata uang Yuan terhadap Dolar*. Twitter.

<https://twitter.com/realDonaldTrump/status/1158407373666566145?s=20>

U.S. Government. (2011). REPORT TO CONGRESS of the U.S.-CHINA ECONOMIC AND SECURITY REVIEW COMMISSION. 117, 866.

https://www.uscc.gov/sites/default/files/2021-11/2021_Annual_Report_to_Congress.pdf

U.S. INDO PACIFIC COMMAND. (2022). *USINDOPACOM Area of Responsibility*. Pacom.Mil.

<https://www.pacom.mil/About-USINDOPACOM/USPACOM-Area-of-Responsibility/>

United States Trade Representative. (2018). Economic and Trade Agreement Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People'S Republic of China. *Ustr.Gov*.

<https://ustr.gov/countries-regions/china-mongolia-taiwan/peoples-republic-china/phase-one-trade-agreement/text>

VOA Indonesia. (2005). *Bush Awali Kunjungan di Cina Dengan Menghadiri*

Kebaktian di Gereja Beijing. Voaindonesia.Com.

<https://www.voaindonesia.com/a/a-32-2005-11-20-voa2-85272952/44466.html>

Wangi Sinintya. (2018). *Serangan Terbaru Trump ke China: Pencurian HAKI AS.*

CNBC Indonesia. <https://www.cnbcindonesia.com/news/20181121144352-4-43068/serangan-terbaru-trump-ke-china-pencurian-haki-as>

Wiener, J., & Schrire, R. A. (2009). *International Relations-Volume I.* EOLSS Publications.

Wiryanan, B. A. (2008). Zona Ekonomi Khusus Strategi China Memanfaatkan Modal Global. In *Depok: Yayasan CCS* (p. 75).

Yu, F.-L. T. (2019). *Neo-Mercantilist Policy and China's Rise as a Global Power* *BT - Contemporary Issues in International Political Economy* (pp. 175–196).

Springer Nature Singapore. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-13-6462-4_8

Yu Tao. (2017). *Get Ready for an Even More Assertive China.* The Diplomat.

<https://thediplomat.com/2017/11/get-ready-for-an-even-more-assertive-china/>

Yuliantoro, N. R., Prabandari, A., & Agussalim, D. (2017). Pemilihan Presiden Tahun 2016 dan Politik Luar Negeri Amerika Serikat. *Jurnal Hubungan Internasional*, 5(2), 193–209.

Zheng Wang. (2013). *Not Rising, But Rejuvenating: The "Chinese Dream."* The

Diplomat. <https://thediplomat.com/2013/02/chinese-dream-draft/>

Zubaidah, A. A., & Herningtyas, R. (2021). Conciliator Vs Bloc Leader :
Perbandingan Kebijakan Barack Obama & Donald Trump Dalam Merespon
Pertumbuhan Ekonomi China. *Jurnal Ilmiah Widya Sosiopolitika*, 3(2), 127.
<https://doi.org/10.24843/jiwsp.2021.v03.i02.p05>