

## ***ABSTRACT***

Realization of cooperative capital assistance from the Regency Government in Perda No. 10 of 2017 based on data on the number of cooperatives in Tasikmalaya Regency as many as 238 units, that this area is actually a de facto supporter of the national economic empowerment program through the establishment of cooperatives, but based on research and data collected researchers have never supported cooperative economic programs by providing capital or assistance in its territory, whereas in Article 49 paragraph 1 point a in the development and progress of cooperatives it is permissible to provide or add capital from the regional government.

Based on the above, the researcher wants to know the implementation of Tasikmalaya Regency Government Policy through the study of the policy theory of Merilee S Grindle and the Keynesian Approach of Political Economy. The method used in this research is a qualitative descriptive method. Respondents were determined using Purposive Sampling and Snowball Sampling methods according to the research focus criteria. Data collection techniques were obtained through interviews and documentation studies. The data analysis method uses Miles and Haberman's technique. Test the validity of the data obtained using source triangulation, namely the researcher compares the results of direct interviews with the results of documentation studies.

The results of this research are that there are 162 cooperatives in Tasikmalaya Regency from 2018-2023 that have never received a dime of capital funding, even though through Regional Regulation Number 10 of 2017 article 49 paragraph 1 point a that cooperatives have the right to receive financial assistance. The reasons for not implementing Regional Regulation Number 10 of 2017 in article 49 paragraph 1 point a regarding cooperative capital assistance from the Tasikmalaya Regency Government have not been implemented for the reason that the Regional Revenue Budget (APBD) is still minimal, the focus of the Regency Government's development is health, education and infrastructure, and a lack of alignment. policy holder (Regent), the impact of this Regional Regulation is that there are no sanctions attached so this is not mandatory, returning to the principle of cooperatives being independent of capital, mainly from members and human resources of District cooperatives. Tasikmalaya is not ready to change significantly.

***Keywords: Policy, Political Economy, Cooperative.***